

U-PREP
(Dehydrator)

Section 1 - Identification of the Substance/Preparation and of the Company/Undertaking

Product Name: U-PREP Chemical Name: N/A Family Name: Cleansing Agent Product Use: Nail Primer Product No. IM-UP15	MSDS Prepared By: ALD Supplier: Impression Beauty International U.A.E. Emergency Phone Numbers: (800) 535 -5053 (Please quote the MSDS number) Information Contacts: (971) 67453254/5
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Section 2- Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS Nos.	EINECS#	INCI Name	Exposure OSHA TWA/STEL	Limits ACGIH TWA/STEL	Carcinogen IARC/NTP/OSHA	%
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7	Isopropyl Alcohol	400 ppm	400 ppm	Not Listed	40-50
Ethyl Acetate	141 - 78 - 6	205-500-4	Ethyl Acetate	400 ppm	400 ppm	Not Listed	30-40
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	203-745-1	Isobutyl Acetate	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not Listed	10-20
N/E - None Established N/R - Not Reviewed				N/DA - No Data Available N/A - Not Applicable			

Isopropyl Alcohol: Hazard Symbol – F, Xi Risk Phrases - R11, R36, R67 Safety Phrases - S2, S7, S16, S24/25, S26
Ethyl Acetate: Hazard Symbol – F, Xi Risk Phrases – R11, R36, R66, R67 Safety Phrases – S2, S16, S26, S33
Isobutyl Acetate: Hazard Symbol – F Risk Phrases – R11, R66 Safety Phrases – S2, S16, S23, S25, S29, S33

See Section 16 for Risk and Safety Phrase Key

Section 3 Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This information is based on findings from related or similar materials

- **Flammable liquid and vapor!**
- May cause eye irritation.
- May cause skin irritation.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of gases, vapors or mists.
- Please read entire MSDS for additional information.

Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Primary Route of Entry	Inhalation, skin and ingestion.
Eye	Vapors are irritating to the eyes. Splashes may cause severe irritation, with stinging, tearing, redness, and pain with possible corneal damage
Skin	Repeated/prolonged contact may cause drying of skin. Symptoms include redness, burning, drying, cracking and skin burns
Ingestion	Swallowing small amounts during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects; swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting.
Inhalation	Vapors are irritating to nasal passages and throat and may cause stupor or headache. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits.
Sub-Chronic Effects	Significant exposure to this chemical may adversely affect people with chronic disease or may cause damage to the respiratory system , skin and eyes.
Chronic Health Effects	

NOTE: Refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information for Details

Section 4- First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye	Flush with water for 15 minutes, including under eyelids. Get medical help if discomfort persists.
First Aid for Skin	Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical help if discomfort persists.
First Aid for Ingestion	If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with head down. Seek medical attention for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.
First Aid for Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If having breathing difficulty, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped,

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give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention if discomfort persists.	
Section 5- Fire Fighting Measures	
Flash Point(°F/°C)	Flammable Limit(vol%)
68°F/20°C	LEL: 2 % ; UEL: 11.4 %
	Auto-ignition Temperature(vol%)
	N/DA
Method: Extinguishing Media Fire Fighting Instructions Unusual Hazards	Use CO2, dry chemical for small fires, or alcohol type aqueous film forming foam. If potential for exposure to vapors or products of combustion, wear complete personal protective equipment including self contained breathing apparatus, with full face operated in pressure demand. Fight fire from a safe distance/protected location. Flammable. When exposed to heat and flame, material is a fire explosion hazard. Vapor is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Material creates a special hazard if it floats on water.
Section 6- Accidental Release Measures	
Spill or Release Procedures	Eliminate all sources of heat and ignition. Use absorbent material for spills and dike it, wash spill material into retaining containers. Place containers in a well ventilated area. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as sawdust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802. EU Regulations require the consultation of Directive 98/24/EC. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures
Section 7- Handling and Storage	
Handling	Handling Closed containers exposed to temperature above (120 ° F) in transit or storage may develop vapor pressure. Open containers slowly. Ground all metal containers when transferring material. Wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking.
Storage	Store in a cool , well ventilated area away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep containers closed when not in use.
Explosion Hazard	Flammable liquid. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.
Section 8- Exposure Controls/Personal Protective Equipment	
Engineering Controls	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eye facility and safety shower. Use process enclosures local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Personal Protective Equipment	
General	To identify additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements, it is recommended that a hazard assessment in accordance with the OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132), or European Standard EN166 be conducted before using this product . Provide eye wash stations and safety showers. Wear impervious clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.

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Eye/ Face Protection	Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type of safety glasses. Use impermeable clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Neoprene and Nitrile rubber is better than PVC A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain limited circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.
Skin Protection	
Respiratory Protection	

Section 9- Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Odor & Odor Threshold	pH	VOC (g/L)	Specific Gravity	Viscosity	%Volatile	
Clear, colorless, mobile liquid	fruity, pungent mix odor	NA	920	(H2O=1): 0.92	N/A	W/W % : 99+	
Boiling Point/ Freezing Point	Decomposition/ Temperature	Octanol/Water Partitioning Coefficient Log Po/w	Vapor Pressure:	Vapor Density	Evaporation Rate	Ignition	Solubility In Water (20°C)
77°C	N/DA	N/DA	73 mm Hg @20°C	(Air=1):3.0	(Butyl Acetate=1): 4.5	NA	8.7 %
Flash Point(°F/°C)		Flammable Limit(vol%)		Auto-ignition Temperature(vol%)			
68°F/20°C		LEL: 2 % ; UEL: 11.4 %		N/DA			

Section 10- Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide Conditions to Avoid: Heat, flames, ignition sources, and incompatibles	Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Oxidizing Agent i.e. Hydrogen peroxide , Nitric Acid , Perchloric Acid, Chromium Trioxide Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur
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Section 11- Toxicological Information

Acute Oral Toxicity	Acute Dermal Toxicity	Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Irritation - skin	Irritation - Eye
Mouse: LD50 = 3600 mg/kg;	N/ DA	Rat = 1030 ug/m3/16W	Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 12800 mg/kg.	N/ DA
Since this product contains a mixture of active components, the primary toxicological information is derived from the acetates. Further hazardous properties cannot be excluded. The product should be handled with care when dealing with chemicals.				
Sensitization		Mutagenicity	Sub-chronic Toxicity	
N/ DA		Rat = 1030 ug/m3/16W	N/ DA	

Section 12- Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological Information				
Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Bioconcentration	Toxicity to Sewage

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to Fish	to Invertebrates	to Algae		Bacteria
The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA
Chemical Fate Information				
Biodegradability		When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into the soil, this material may leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into the water, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days. When released into water, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate.		
Chemical Oxygen Demand		N/DA		
Section-13 Disposal Consideration				
Dispose of diking materials and absorbent in compliance with State, Local, and Federal regulations. Residual vapors may explode on ignition; do not cut, drill, or weld on or near the container. Mix with compatible chemical which is less flammable and incinerate. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. For EU Member States, please refer to any relevant Community provisions relating to waste. In their absence, it is useful to remind the user that national or regional provisions may be in force.				
Section 14- Transport Information				
DOT (49 CFR 172)				
Proper Shipping Name:		UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (ethyl acetate, isopropyl alcohol), 3, PGII		
Identification Number		UN1993		
Marine Pollutant:		No		
Special Provisions:		T8, T31		
Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #:		128		
IATA (DGR):				
Proper Shipping Name		U UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (ethyl acetate, isopropyl alcohol), 3, PGII		
Class or Division		3		
UN or ID Number		UN1993		
Packaging Instructions:				
Emergency Response Guidance (ICAO)#:				
IMO (IMDG):				
Proper Shipping Name		UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (ethyl acetate, isopropyl alcohol), 3, PGII		
Class or Division:		3.2		
UN or ID Number:		UN1993		
Special Provisions & Stowage/Segregation		None		
Emergency Schedule (EmS)#:				
Other Information		Flash point = 20°C		

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Section 15- Regulatory Information	
US Federal Regulations	
Clean Air Act: HAP/ODS	This product contains the following HAP's or ODS: • NONE
Clean Water Act: HS/Priority Pollutant	The following ingredients are listed as hazardous pollutants under the CWA: • Isobutyl Acetate, CAS# 110-19-0 None of the ingredients are listed as primary pollutants nor are they listed as toxic pollutants The following chemicals are listed as primary pollutants.
FDA: Food Packaging Status	This product has not been cleared by the FDA for use in food packaging and / or other applications as an indirect food-packaging additive
Occupational Safety and Health Act	This product is considered to be hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. It's hazards are: • Immediate (acute) health hazard • Fire hazard
RCRA	This product contains the following chemicals considered to be hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261). • Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, RCRA Code: U112 • Characteristic of Ignitability, RCRA Code: D001
SARA Title III: Section 302	This product contains no chemicals regulated under Section 302 as extremely hazardous substances.
SARA Title III: Section 304	This product contains chemicals regulated under Section 304 as extremely hazardous chemicals for emergency release notification ("CERCLA" List): • Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, RQ (Lbs) 5000 • Isobutyl Acetate CAS# 110-19-0, RQ (Lbs) 5000
SARA Title III: Section 311-312	This product is considered to be hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and is regulated under Section 311-312 (40 CFR 370). It's hazards are: • Immediate (acute) health hazard • Fire hazard
SARA Title III: Section 313:	This product contains the following chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372: • Isopropyl Alcohol CAS# 67-63-0
TSCA Section 8(b): Inventory:	This product contains chemicals listed on the TSCA inventory or otherwise complies with TSCA premanufacture notification requirements
State Regulations	
CA Right-to-Know Law: California No Significant Risk Rule	Ethyl Acetate CAS #141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0. NONE
MA Right-to-Know Law:	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
NJ Right-to-Know Law:	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
PA Right-to-Know Law:	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
FL Right-to-Know Law:	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
MN Right-to-Know Law:	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
International Regulations	
CDSL: Canadian Inventory (on Canadian Transitional List)	Ethyl Acetate CAS# 141-78-6, Isopropyl Alcohol CAS #67-63-0, Isobutyl Acetate CAS #110-19-0.
Labeling according to EC Directives - 1999/45/EC	
European Community:	U-PREP (Dehydrator)

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- HAZARD SYMBOLS: **Xn, F:** Harmful, Highly Flammable
- RISK PHRASES: **R11**, highly flammable, **R20/22:** Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed,
R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin
- SAFETY PHRASES: **S7/9:** keep container tightly closed and in a well ventilated place, **S16:** keep away from sources of ignition- no smoking, **S24/25:** avoid contact with skin and eyes, **S33:** take precautionary measures against static discharges, **S37/39:** wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection, **S45:** In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advise immediately (show the label where possible)

Section 16 - Other Information

EU Classes and Risk / Safety Phrases for Referenced Ingredients (See Section 2): Hazard Symbol:

Hazard Symbol:

F - Flammable substances or preparations

Xi - Irritants

Risk Phrases:

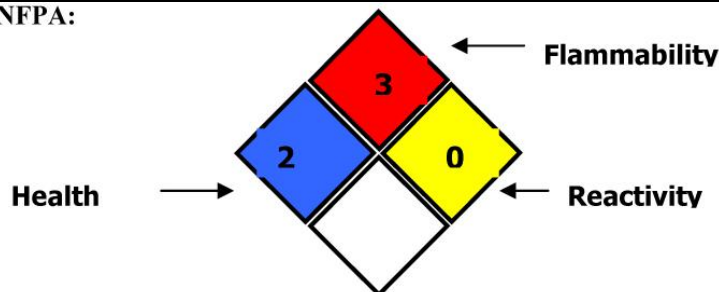
R11 - Highly flammable; R36 - Irritating to eyes; R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking; R67 - Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Safety Phrases:

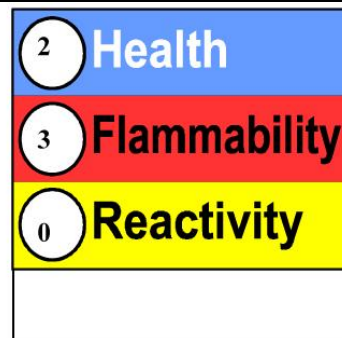
S2 Keep out of the reach of children; S7 Keep container tightly closed; S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking; S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes; S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S29 Do not empty into drains; S33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hazard Rating System (Pictograms)

NFPA:



HMIS:



Revision History:

- 10/29/04 Section 2 % changed from <> to range, headers changed, format update
- 12/20/07 DOT Name update
- 09/18/08 Updated section 16
- 10/22/08 Updated Format
- 11/04/08 Updated Risk and Safety Phrases
- 12/10/08 Updated specific gravity and VOC

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